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TITLE: Family of mammalian potassium channels, their cloning and their use especially for the screening of drugs

DATE-ISSUED: January 11, 2000

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US-CL-CURRENT: 435/69.1; 435/320.1, 435/325, 536/23.1

CLAIMS:

We claim:

- transport potassium across a membrane. 1. An isolated and purified nucleic acid molecule encoding a mammalian protein which comprises $2\ P$ domains and 4 transmembrane segments, and is competent to
- An isolated and purified nucleic acid molecule encoding a human protein which comprises 2 P domains and 4 transmembrane segments, and is competent to transpor potassium across a membrane. to transport
- The nucleic acid molecule of claim 2 encoding a human protein which exhibits weak inward rectification.
- 4. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 3 which is expressed in brain and heart tissue and in addition, in at least one of the following tissues: placenta, 1: sketetal, muscle, kidney and pancress.
- 5. The human nucleic acid sequence of claim 2 which comprises the sequence represented by SEQ ID No. 1.
- 6. A self replication vector comprising the nucleic acid molecule of claim 2.
- 7. A cell transformed with the self replicating vector of claim 6, which cell expresses a human protein which comprises 2 P domains and 4 transmembrane segments, and is competent to transport potassium across a membrane.
- 8. A micro-injected cell comprising the RNA transcript synthesized from the nucleic acid molecule of claim 2, which cell expresses a human protein which comprises 2 P domains and 4 transmembrane segments, and is competent to transport

potassium across a membrane.

- The transformed cell of claim 7, which cell is selected from the group consisting of prokaryotes and eukaryotes.
- The transformed cell of claim 9 which is a bacterium.
- cell. 11. The transformed cell of claim 10 which is a yeast, insect, plant or mammalian
- 12. A method for the production of a human protein competent to transport potassium across a membrane which comprises 2 P domains and 4 transmembrane segments, comprising transferring the vector of claim 6 into a cellular host, culturing the cellular host under conditions allowing the production of said potassium channel, and purifying the human potassium channel.
- 13. The method of claim 12 wherein the cellular host is selected consisting of prokaryotes and eukaryotes. from the group
- 14. A pharmaceutical composition for the compensation of a deficiency in potassium channels at the level of one or more tissues, which comprises an isolated and purified nucleic acid molecule encoding a human protein comprising 2 P domains and 4 transmembrane segments which protein is competent to transport potassium across a membrane.
- 15. A pharmaceutical composition which comprises human cells transformed with the nucleic acid molecule of claim 2. 15.